

ISSUED: 22/12/2017

ISO 9001 CERTIFIED

Promyde B300 P is a Polyamide 6, heat stabilized, nucleated and lubricated with improved flowability.

PROPERTIES	CONDITIONS	TEST METHOD	UNITS	VALUES
<b>PHYSICAL PROPERTIES</b>				
Density	23 °C	ISO 1183	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	1,13
Moisture absorption	23 °C / 50% r.h.	ISO 62	%	3
Water absorption	23 °C / saturation in water	ISO 62	%	9,5
Flammability	1,5 mm	UL-94		V-2
Glow wire flammability index	1,5 mm	IEC 60695-2-12,13	°C	750
Glow wire ignitability temperature	1,5 mm	IEC 60695-2-12,13	°C	700
<b>PROCESSING CONDITIONS</b>				
Melt Volume Rate	275°C/5 kg	ISO 1133	cm <sup>3</sup> /10 min	>300
Melt temperature, injection moulding			°C	230-280
Mould temperature			°C	40-80
Moulding Shrinkage	longitudinal transversal		%	0,9-1,1 0,8-1,1
<b>MECHANICAL PROPERTIES</b>				<b>(dry/cond.)*</b>
Tensile modulus	23 °C, 1 mm/min	ISO 527-1-2	MPa	3.200 / 1.100
Tensile strength	23 °C, 50 mm/min	ISO 527-1-2	MPa	85 / 40
Elongation at yield	23 °C, 50 mm/min	ISO 527-1-2	%	4 / 25
Elongation at break	23 °C, 50 mm/min	ISO 527-1-2	%	10/ > 50
Flexural modulus	23 °C, 2 mm/min	ISO 178	MPa	2.800 / 1.000
Flexural strength	23 °C, 2 mm/min	ISO 178	MPa	115 / 40
Charpy unnotched impact strength <sup>1)</sup>	23°C -30°C	ISO 179/1eU	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	NB / NB - / -
Charpy notched impact strength	23°C -30°C	ISO 179/1eA	kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	5 / 40 4 / -
<b>THERMAL PROPERTIES</b>				
Melting temperature (DSC)	10°C/min	ISO 3146	°C	222
Heat Deflection Temperature (HDT)	1,8 MPa 0,45 MPa	ISO 75-1-2	°C	65 187
Thermal coefficient of linear expansion	23-80°C long. 23-80°C transv.	ISO 11359-1/-2	10 <sup>-4</sup> /K	0,7 1
<b>ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES</b>				<b>(dry/cond.)*</b>
Dielectric constant	1MHz	IEC 60250	-	3,5 / 7
Dissipation factor	1 MHz	IEC 60250	10 <sup>-4</sup>	300 / 3.000
Volume resistivity		IEC 60093	Ω.m	10 <sup>13</sup> / 10 <sup>10</sup>
Surface resistivity		IEC 60093	Ω	10 <sup>13</sup> / 10 <sup>10</sup>
Comparative tracking index		IEC 60112		600

1) NB: No break.

\* dry = dry as moulded / cond.= conditioned according to ISO 1110

### CHARACTERISTICS

The outstanding flow properties of Promyde B300 P allow a reduction in molding temperature. This has two advantages: The cycle time is shorter and less energy is needed in injection molding. Due the improved flowability of Promyde B300 P, lower injection pressure is needed which reduces the clamping force, longer flow paths are possible and the mold is easier to design.

### APPLICATIONS

The flow properties of Promyde B300 P combined with its excellent mechanical and thermal properties make it suitable for a **wide range of industrial, automotive and electrical applications, especially in long flow path and thin wall parts.**

### FORMAT AND STORAGE

Promyde B300 P is supplied in moisture-proof packaging. Typical formats are Big Bags, Octabins, 25kg bags, and bulk silo trucks. All containers are perfectly sealed. The product should be stored in a dry place and opened just before processing.

### PROCESSING GUIDELINES

#### Drying

Material is supplied ready to process with low moisture content. When moisture absorption is prevented drying is not required. When drying is necessary, conditions are:

Drying temperature  $\leq 80\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Drying time: 4-6 hours

#### Injection moulding

The recommended processing parameters for injection moulding are:

Melt temperature: 230-250°C

Mould temperature: 40-80 °C

Injection speed: medium to high

Back pressure: moderate

#### Shrinkage

The shrinkage of a moulded part is influenced by wall thickness, mould gating, and moulding conditions.

#### Moisture

A particular characteristic of unreinforced polyamide 6 is its combination of moderate tensile and flexural strength with rigidity, good impact strength, and friction resistance. However, when a moulded part absorbs moisture, tensile and flexural strength decrease and toughness increases.

### NOTE

All recommendations are based on knowledge and experience; The values have been established on standardized tests. The figures should be regarded as guide values and not as binding minimum values. As many factors may affect processing or applications, we recommend that customers make their own tests to determine the suitability of a product for its particular use.